Case 16-22047 Doc 1 Filed 07/08/16 Entered 07/08/16 14:39:03 Desc Main

Fill in this information to identify your case:	
United States Bankruptcy Court for the:	
Northern District of Illinois	
Case number (If known):	Chapter you are filing under: Chapter 7 Chapter 11
	Chapter 12 Chapter 13

B 101

Voluntary Petition for Individuals Filing for Bankruptcy

12/15

The bankruptcy forms use *you* and *Debtor 1* to refer to a debtor filing alone. A married couple may file a bankruptcy case together—called a *joint case*—and in joint cases, these forms use *you* to ask for information from both debtors. For example, if a form asks, "Do you own a car," the answer would be *yes* if either debtor owns a car. When information is needed about the spouses separately, the form uses *Debtor 1* and *Debtor 2* to distinguish between them. In joint cases, one of the spouses must report information as *Debtor 1* and the other as *Debtor 2*. The same person must be *Debtor 1* in all of the forms.

Be as complete and accurate as possible. If two married people are filing together, both are equally responsible for supplying correct information. If more space is needed, attach a separate sheet to this form. On the top of any additional pages, write your name and case number (if known). Answer every question.

Part 1: Identify Yourself

		About Debtor 1:	About Debtor 2 (Spouse C	Only in a Joint Case):
1.	Your full name			
	Write the name that is on your government-issued picture identification (for example, your driver's license or	James First name	Denise First name	
	passport).	Middle name	Middle name	
	Bring your picture	Peoples	Peoples	
	identification to your meeting with the trustee.	Last name	Last name	
		Suffix (Sr., Jr., II, III)	Suffix (Sr., Jr., II, III)	_
2.	All other names you	NONE	Denise	Denise
	have used in the last 8 years	First name	First name M.	
	Include your married or maiden names.	Middle name	Middle name Peoples	Martin
		Last name	Last name	
			Denise	Denise
		First name	First name	
			M.	
		Middle name	Middle name	Decele Medic
		Last name	Martin Last name	Peoples-Martin
		Last Hallie	Last name	
	Only the left 4 digite of			
3.	Only the last 4 digits of your Social Security	xxx - xx - <u>3</u> <u>8</u> <u>3</u> <u>9</u>	xxx - xx - <u>6</u> <u>4</u>	53
	number or federal	OR	OR	
	Individual Taxpayer Identification number (ITIN)	9 xx - xx	9 xx - xx	

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James Peoples
First Name Middle Name Debtor 1

Last Name

Case number (if known)_

		About Debtor 1:	About Debtor 2 (Spouse Only in a Joint Case):
4.	Any business names and Employer Identification Numbers (EIN) you have used in	☑ I have not used any business names or EINs.	☑ I have not used any business names or EINs.
	the last 8 years	Business name	Business name
	Include trade names and doing business as names	Business name	Business name
		EIN	EIN
		EIN	EIN
5.	Where you live		If Debtor 2 lives at a different address:
		22819 Niamh Court Number Street	22819 Niamh Court Number Street
		Richton Park IL 60471 City State ZIP Code	Richton Park IL 60471 City State ZIP Code
		Cook	Cook
		If your mailing address is different from the one above, fill it in here. Note that the court will send any notices to you at this mailing address.	If Debtor 2's mailing address is different from yours, fill it in here. Note that the court will send any notices to this mailing address.
		Number Street	Number Street
		P.O. Box	P.O. Box
		City State ZIP Code	City State ZIP Code
6.	Why you are choosing	Check one:	Check one:
	this district to file for bankruptcy	Over the last 180 days before filing this petition, I have lived in this district longer than in any other district.	Over the last 180 days before filing this petition, I have lived in this district longer than in any other district.
		☐ I have another reason. Explain. (See 28 U.S.C. § 1408.)	☐ I have another reason. Explain. (See 28 U.S.C. § 1408.)

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Debtor 1

James Peoples
First Name Middle Name

Last Name

Case number (if known)_

Pa	art 2: Tell the Court Abou	t Your B	ankrup	otcy Case			
7.	The chapter of the Bankruptcy Code you		ck one. (For a brief description of each, see Notice Required by 11 U.S.C. § 342(b) for Individuals Filing lankruptcy (Form 2010)). Also, go to the top of page 1 and check the appropriate box.				
	are choosing to file under	☐ Chap	oter 7				
		☐ Chap	oter 11				
		☐ Chap	oter 12				
		☑ Chap	oter 13				
8.	How you will pay the fee	local your subn	I pay the entire fee when I file my petition. Please check with the clerk's office in your all court for more details about how you may pay. Typically, if you are paying the fee reself, you may pay with cash, cashier's check, or money order. If your attorney is mitting your payment on your behalf, your attorney may pay with a credit card or check a pre-printed address.				
				ay the fee in installments for Individuals to Pay The			
		By la less pay t	I request that my fee be waived (You may request this option only if you are filing for Chapter 7. By law, a judge may, but is not required to, waive your fee, and may do so only if your income is less than 150% of the official poverty line that applies to your family size and you are unable to pay the fee in installments). If you choose this option, you must fill out the <i>Application to Have the Chapter 7 Filing Fee Waived</i> (Official Form 103B) and file it with your petition.				
9.	Have you filed for bankruptcy within the	☐ No		Northern District of IL		06/23/2011	Case number _11 B 26230 (13)
	last 8 years?	☑ Yes.			-	MM / DD / YYYY	
			District	Northern District of IL	_ When	04/22/2013 MM / DD / YYYY	Case number 13 B 16644 (13)
			District	Northern District of IL	When	12/30/2014	Case number 14 B 46091 (13)
					-	MM / DD / YYYY	
10.	Are any bankruptcy	☑ No					
	cases pending or being filed by a spouse who is	☐ Yes.	Debtor				Relationship to you
	not filing this case with you, or by a business partner, or by an affiliate?		District		_ When	MM / DD / YYYY	Case number, if known
			Debtor				Relationship to you
			District		_ When	MM / DD / YYYY	Case number, if known
11.	Do you rent your residence?	☑ No. ☐ Yes.	Go to line 12. Has your landlord obtained an eviction judgment against you and do you want to stay in your residence? No. Go to line 12. Yes. Fill out <i>Initial Statement About an Eviction Judgment Against You</i> (Form 101A) and file it with this bankruptcy petition.				
			uiis	s sammaptoy polition.			

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Are you a sole proprietor of any full- or part-time	_	Go to Part 4.				
business?	□ Yes	. Name and location of b	ousiness			
A sole proprietorship is a business you operate as an individual, and is not a separate legal entity such as a corporation, partnership, or		Name of business, if any				
LLC.		Number Street				
If you have more than one sole proprietorship, use a separate sheet and attach it						
to this petition.		City			State	ZIP Code
		Check the appropriate	box to describ	e your business	<i>:</i>	
		☐ Health Care Busine	ess (as defined	in 11 U.S.C. §	101(27A))	
		☐ Single Asset Real	Estate (as defir	ned in 11 U.S.C	. § 101(51B	3))
		☐ Stockbroker (as de	fined in 11 U.S	.C. § 101(53A))		
		☐ Commodity Broker	(as defined in	11 U.S.C. § 101	l(6))	
		☐ None of the above				
For a definition of small business debtor, see 11 U.S.C. § 101(51D).	□ No.	 o. I am not filing under Chapter 11. o. I am filing under Chapter 11, but I am NOT a small business debtor according to the definition in the Bankruptcy Code. es. I am filing under Chapter 11 and I am a small business debtor according to the definition in the Bankruptcy Code. 				
art 4: Report if You Own	or Have	Any Hazardous Pro	perty or Any	Property Th	at Needs	Immediate Attention
. Do you own or have any	☑ No					
property that poses or is alleged to pose a threat	☐ Yes	. What is the hazard?				
of imminent and						
identifiable hazard to public health or safety?						
Or do you own any property that needs immediate attention?		If immediate attention	is needed, wh	y is it needed?		
For example, do you own perishable goods, or livestock that must be fed, or a building						
that needs urgent repairs?		Where is the property	?			
			Number	Street		
			City			State ZIP Code
			City			State ZIP Code

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Debtor 1 James Peoples

ame Last Name

Case number (if known)

Part 5:

Explain Your Efforts to Receive a Briefing About Credit Counseling

 Tell the court whether you have received a briefing about credit counseling.

The law requires that you receive a briefing about credit counseling before you file for bankruptcy. You must truthfully check one of the following choices. If you cannot do so, you are not eligible to file.

If you file anyway, the court can dismiss your case, you will lose whatever filing fee you paid, and your creditors can begin collection activities again.

About Debtor 1:		

You must check one: ✓ I received a briefing from an approved credit counseling agency within the 180 days before I filed this bankruptcy petition, and I received a certificate of completion. Attach a copy of the certificate and the payment plan, if any, that you developed with the agency. ☐ I received a briefing from an approved credit counseling agency within the 180 days before I filed this bankruptcy petition, but I do not have a certificate of completion. Within 14 days after you file this bankruptcy petition, you MUST file a copy of the certificate and payment plan, if any. ☐ I certify that I asked for credit counseling services from an approved agency, but was unable to obtain those services during the 7 days after I made my request, and exigent circumstances merit a 30-day temporary waiver of the requirement.

To ask for a 30-day temporary waiver of the requirement, attach a separate sheet explaining what efforts you made to obtain the briefing, why you were unable to obtain it before you filed for bankruptcy, and what exigent circumstances required you to file this case.

Your case may be dismissed if the court is dissatisfied with your reasons for not receiving a briefing before you filed for bankruptcy.

If the court is satisfied with your reasons, you must still receive a briefing within 30 days after you file. You must file a certificate from the approved agency, along with a copy of the payment plan you developed, if any. If you do not do so, your case may be dismissed.

Any extension of the 30-day deadline is granted only for cause and is limited to a maximum of 15 days.

	I am not required to receive a briefing about credit counseling because of:				
☐ Incapacity.	I have a mental illness or a mental deficiency that makes me incapable of realizing or making rational decisions about finances.				

☐ Disability. My physical disability causes me to be unable to participate in a briefing in person, by phone, or through the internet, even after I reasonably tried to do so.

Active duty. I am currently on active military duty in a military combat zone.

If you believe you are not required to receive a briefing about credit counseling, you must file a motion for waiver of credit counseling with the court.

Al	pout Debtor 2 (Spouse Only in a Joint Case):				
Y	ou must check one:				
☐ I received a briefing from an approved credit counseling agency within the 180 days before filed this bankruptcy petition, and I received a certificate of completion.					
	Attach a copy of the certificate and the payment plan, if any, that you developed with the agency.				
	I received a briefing from an approved credit counseling agency within the 180 days before I filed this bankruptcy petition, but I do not have a certificate of completion. Within 14 days after you file this bankruptcy petition,				
	you MUST file a copy of the certificate and payment plan, if any.				
	I certify that I asked for credit counseling services from an approved agency, but was unable to obtain those services during the 7 days after I made my request, and exigent circumstances merit a 30-day temporary waiver of the requirement.				
	To ask for a 30-day temporary waiver of the requirement, attach a separate sheet explaining what efforts you made to obtain the briefing, why you were unable to obtain it before you filed for bankruptcy, and what exigent circumstances required you to file this case.				
	Your case may be dismissed if the court is dissatisfied with your reasons for not receiving a briefing before you filed for bankruptcy.				
	If the court is satisfied with your reasons, you must still receive a briefing within 30 days after you file. You must file a certificate from the approved agency, along with a copy of the payment plan you developed, if any. If you do not do so, your case may be dismissed.				
	Any extension of the 30-day deadline is granted only for cause and is limited to a maximum of 15 days.				

I am not required to receive a briefing about credit counseling because of:

☐ Incapacity.	I have a mental illness or a mental deficiency that makes me incapable of realizing or making rational decisions about finances.
_	

☐ Disability. My physical disability causes me to be unable to participate in a briefing in person, by phone, or through the internet, even after I reasonably tried to do so.

Active duty. I am currently on active military duty in a military combat zone.

If you believe you are not required to receive a briefing about credit counseling, you must file a motion for waiver of credit counseling with the court.

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Del	otor 1 James People First Name Middle Name	e Last Name	Case number (if know	wn)		
Pa	art 6: Answer These Ques	stions for Reporting Purpo	ses			
16.	What kind of debts do		arily consumer debts? Consumer debt ual primarily for a personal, family, or hous			
	you have?	☐ No. Go to line 16b. ☐ Yes. Go to line 17.		(a) (b) (a) (b) (a) (b) (b) (a) (b) (b) (b) (b) (b) (b) (b) (b) (b) (b		
		16b. Are your debts prima	arily business debts? Business debts a investment or through the operation of the			
		No. Go to line 16c. Yes. Go to line 17.	and a subsequent of the			
			ou owe that are not consumer debts or bus	iness debts.		
17.	Are you filing under Chapter 7?	No. I am not filing under 0	Chapter 7. Go to line 18.			
	Do you estimate that after	☐ Yes. I am filing under Chap	oter 7. Do you estimate that after any exem ses are paid that funds will be available to o			
	any exempt property is excluded and	□ No	soo are paid that lands will be available to	signification to unicodarious ordentation.		
	administrative expenses are paid that funds will be available for distribution to unsecured creditors?	☐ Yes				
18.	How many creditors do you estimate that you	☑ 1-49 □ 50-99	☐ 1,000-5,000 ☐ 5,001-10,000	25,001-50,000 50,001-100,000		
	owe?	☐ 100-199 ☐ 200-999	10,001-25,000	☐ More than 100,000		
19.	How much do you estimate your assets to	\$0-\$50,000 \$50,001-\$100,000	□ \$1,000,001-\$10 million □ \$10,000,001-\$50 million	\$500,000,001-\$1 billion \$1,000,000,001-\$10 billion		
	be worth?	\$100,001-\$500,000 \$500,001-\$1 million	☐ \$50,000,001-\$100 million☐ \$100,000,001-\$500 million	☐ \$10,000,000,001-\$50 billion☐ More than \$50 billion		
20.	How much do you	\$0-\$50,000	\$1,000,001-\$10 million	\$500,000,001-\$1 billion		
	estimate your liabilities to be?	\$50,001-\$100,000 \$100,001-\$500,000	☐ \$10,000,001-\$50 million ☐ \$50,000,001-\$100 million	\$1,000,000,001-\$10 billion \$10,000,000,001-\$50 billion		
Pá	rt 7: Sign Below	☑ \$500,001-\$1 million	☐ \$100,000,001-\$500 million	☐ More than \$50 billion		
Fo	or you	I have examined this petition, correct.	and I declare under penalty of perjury that	the information provided is true and		
	•	If I have chosen to file under (Chapter 7, I am aware that I may proceed, i . I understand the relief available under ea	if eligible, under Chapter 7, 11,12, or 13 ch chapter, and I choose to proceed		
		If no attorney represents me a this document, I have obtained	and I did not pay or agree to pay someone of and read the notice required by 11 U.S.C	who is not an attorney to help me fill out § 342(b).		
			with the chapter of title 11, United States C			
		I understand making a false statement, concealing property, or obtaining money or property by fraud in connection with a bankruptcy case can result in fines up to \$250,000, or imprisonment for up to 20 years, or both. 18 U.S.C. §§ 152, 1341, 1519, and 8571.				
		X (Music) Signature of Debtor 1	Signature	e of Debtor 2		
		Executed on $\frac{\mathcal{L}}{\mathcal{A}}$	2016 Executed	10/2/2016		

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Debtor 1 James People First Name Middle Nam		Case number	(if known)
For your attorney, if you are represented by one If you are not represented by an attorney, you do not need to file this page.	I, the attorney for the debtor(s) na to proceed under Chapter 7, 11, 1 available under each chapter for v	2, or 13 of title 11, United States (which the person is eligible. I also 342(b) and, in a case in which § e information in the schedules filed	have informed the debtor(s) about eligibility Code, and have explained the relief certify that I have delivered to the debtor(s) 707(b)(4)(D) applies, certify that I have no d with the petition is incorrect.
	Martin J. O'Hearn Printed name Law Offices of Martin J. Firm name 10047 South Western A Number Street		
	Chicago City	IL Stati	60643 e ZIP Code
	Contact phone (773) 238-44 6185904 Bar number	400 Ema	ail address martinohearnlaw@sbcglobal.net

Notice Required by 11 U.S.C. § 342(b) for Individuals Filing for Bankruptcy (Form 2010)

This notice is for you if:

- You are an individual filing for bankruptcy, and
- Your debts are primarily consumer debts. Consumer debts are defined in 11 U.S.C. § 101(8) as "incurred by an individual primarily for a personal, family, or household purpose."

The types of bankruptcy that are available to individuals

Individuals who meet the qualifications may file under one of four different chapters of the Bankruptcy Code:

- Chapter 7 Liquidation
- Chapter 11— Reorganization
- Chapter 12— Voluntary repayment plan for family farmers or fishermen
- Chapter 13— Voluntary repayment plan for individuals with regular income

You should have an attorney review your decision to file for bankruptcy and the choice of chapter.

Chapter 7:		Liquidation
\$2	245	filing fee
		administrative fee
+ \$	15	trustee surcharge
\$3	35	total fee

Chapter 7 is for individuals who have financial difficulty preventing them from paying their debts and who are willing to allow their non-exempt property to be used to pay their creditors. The primary purpose of filing under chapter 7 is to have your debts discharged. The bankruptcy discharge relieves you after bankruptcy from having to pay many of your pre-bankruptcy debts. Exceptions exist for particular debts, and liens on property may still be enforced after discharge. For example, a creditor may have the right to foreclose a home mortgage or repossess an automobile.

However, if the court finds that you have committed certain kinds of improper conduct described in the Bankruptcy Code, the court may deny your discharge.

You should know that even if you file chapter 7 and you receive a discharge, some debts are not discharged under the law.

Therefore, you may still be responsible to pay:

- most taxes;
- most student loans;
- domestic support and property settlement obligations;

- most fines, penalties, forfeitures, and criminal restitution obligations; and
- certain debts that are not listed in your bankruptcy papers.

You may also be required to pay debts arising from:

- fraud or theft;
- fraud or defalcation while acting in breach of fiduciary capacity;
- intentional injuries that you inflicted; and
- death or personal injury caused by operating a motor vehicle, vessel, or aircraft while intoxicated from alcohol or drugs.

If your debts are primarily consumer debts, the court can dismiss your chapter 7 case if it finds that you have enough income to repay creditors a certain amount. You must file *Chapter 7 Statement of Your Current Monthly Income* (Official Form 122A–1) if you are an individual filing for bankruptcy under chapter 7. This form will determine your current monthly income and compare whether your income is more than the median income that applies in your state.

If your income is not above the median for your state, you will not have to complete the other chapter 7 form, the *Chapter 7 Means Test Calculation* (Official Form 122A–2).

If your income is above the median for your state, you must file a second form —the *Chapter 7 Means Test Calculation* (Official Form 122A–2). The calculations on the form—sometimes called the *Means Test*—deduct from your income living expenses and payments on certain debts to determine any amount available to pay unsecured creditors. If

your income is more than the median income for your state of residence and family size, depending on the results of the *Means Test*, the U.S. trustee, bankruptcy administrator, or creditors can file a motion to dismiss your case under § 707(b) of the Bankruptcy Code. If a motion is filed, the court will decide if your case should be dismissed. To avoid dismissal, you may choose to proceed under another chapter of the Bankruptcy Code.

If you are an individual filing for chapter 7 bankruptcy, the trustee may sell your property to pay your debts, subject to your right to exempt the property or a portion of the proceeds from the sale of the property. The property, and the proceeds from property that your bankruptcy trustee sells or liquidates that you are entitled to, is called *exempt property*. Exemptions may enable you to keep your home, a car, clothing, and household items or to receive some of the proceeds if the property is sold.

Exemptions are not automatic. To exempt property, you must list it on *Schedule C: The Property You Claim as Exempt* (Official Form 106C). If you do not list the property, the trustee may sell it and pay all of the proceeds to your creditors.

Chapter 11: Reorganization

\$1,167 filing fee

+ \$550 administrative fee

\$1,717 total fee

Chapter 11 is often used for reorganizing a business, but is also available to individuals. The provisions of chapter 11 are too complicated to summarize briefly.

Read These Important Warnings

Because bankruptcy can have serious long-term financial and legal consequences, including loss of your property, you should hire an attorney and carefully consider all of your options before you file. Only an attorney can give you legal advice about what can happen as a result of filing for bankruptcy and what your options are. If you do file for bankruptcy, an attorney can help you fill out the forms properly and protect you, your family, your home, and your possessions.

Although the law allows you to represent yourself in bankruptcy court, you should understand that many people find it difficult to represent themselves successfully. The rules are technical, and a mistake or inaction may harm you. If you file without an attorney, you are still responsible for knowing and following all of the legal requirements.

You should not file for bankruptcy if you are not eligible to file or if you do not intend to file the necessary documents.

Bankruptcy fraud is a serious crime; you could be fined and imprisoned if you commit fraud in your bankruptcy case. Making a false statement, concealing property, or obtaining money or property by fraud in connection with a bankruptcy case can result in fines up to \$250,000, or imprisonment for up to 20 years, or both. 18 U.S.C. §§ 152, 1341, 1519, and 3571.

Chapter 12: Repayment plan for family farmers or fishermen

	\$200	filing fee
+	\$75	administrative fee
	\$275	total fee

Similar to chapter 13, chapter 12 permits family farmers and fishermen to repay their debts over a period of time using future earnings and to discharge some debts that are not paid.

Chapter 13: Repayment plan for individuals with regular income

	\$235	filing fee
+	\$75	administrative fee
	\$310	total fee

Chapter 13 is for individuals who have regular income and would like to pay all or part of their debts in installments over a period of time and to discharge some debts that are not paid. You are eligible for chapter 13 only if your debts are not more than certain dollar amounts set forth in 11 U.S.C. § 109.

Under chapter 13, you must file with the court a plan to repay your creditors all or part of the money that you owe them, usually using your future earnings. If the court approves your plan, the court will allow you to repay your debts, as adjusted by the plan, within 3 years or 5 years, depending on your income and other factors.

After you make all the payments under your plan, many of your debts are discharged. The debts that are not discharged and that you may still be responsible to pay include:

- domestic support obligations,
- most student loans,
- certain taxes,
- debts for fraud or theft,
- debts for fraud or defalcation while acting in a fiduciary capacity,
- most criminal fines and restitution obligations,
- certain debts that are not listed in your bankruptcy papers,
- certain debts for acts that caused death or personal injury, and
- certain long-term secured debts.

Warning: File Your Forms on Time

Section 521(a)(1) of the Bankruptcy Code requires that you promptly file detailed information about your creditors, assets, liabilities, income, expenses and general financial condition. The court may dismiss your bankruptcy case if you do not file this information within the deadlines set by the Bankruptcy Code, the Bankruptcy Rules, and the local rules of the court.

For more information about the documents and their deadlines, go to:

<u>http://www.uscourts.gov/bkforms/bankruptcy_form_s.html#procedure.</u>

Bankruptcy crimes have serious consequences

- If you knowingly and fraudulently conceal assets or make a false oath or statement under penalty of perjury—either orally or in writing—in connection with a bankruptcy case, you may be fined, imprisoned, or both.
- All information you supply in connection with a bankruptcy case is subject to examination by the Attorney General acting through the Office of the U.S. Trustee, the Office of the U.S. Attorney, and other offices and employees of the U.S. Department of Justice.

Make sure the court has your mailing address

The bankruptcy court sends notices to the mailing address you list on *Voluntary Petition* for *Individuals Filing for Bankruptcy* (Official Form 101). To ensure that you receive information about your case, Bankruptcy Rule 4002 requires that you notify the court of any changes in your address.

A married couple may file a bankruptcy case together—called a *joint case*. If you file a joint case and each spouse lists the same mailing address on the bankruptcy petition, the bankruptcy court generally will mail you and your spouse one copy of each notice, unless you file a statement with the court asking that each spouse receive separate copies.

Understand which services you could receive from credit counseling agencies

The law generally requires that you receive a credit counseling briefing from an approved credit counseling agency. 11 U.S.C. § 109(h). If you are filing a joint case, both spouses must receive the briefing. With limited exceptions, you must receive it within the 180 days **before** you file your bankruptcy petition. This briefing is usually conducted by telephone or on the Internet.

In addition, after filing a bankruptcy case, you generally must complete a financial management instructional course before you can receive a discharge. If you are filing a joint case, both spouses must complete the course.

You can obtain the list of agencies approved to provide both the briefing and the instructional course from:

http://justice.gov/ust/eo/hapcpa/ccde/cc_approved.html.

In Alabama and North Carolina, go to: http://www.uscourts.gov/FederalCourts/Bankruptcy/Bankr

If you do not have access to a computer, the clerk of the bankruptcy court may be able to help you obtain the list.